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**DET-2** Theodolite

User Guide

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#### CAUTIONS

Carefully read and understand this User Guide before use.

Avoid eye injury. Do not aim the telescope at the sun.

The instrument should be protected from hard shock.

Do not carry a tripod mounted instrument on your shoulder.

Avoid sudden changes in temperature. Sudden changes in temperature will influence the precision of measurement, will effect the operation of the electronic system, and will cause condensation on the objective lens. When the instrument is taken from the cold weather outdoor to indoor, it must be placed in a warm dry place to allow condensation to evaporate.

This instrument contains sensitive electronic components that are protected against dust and moisture. Dust or moisture inside the instrument will cause damage. After using in a humid environment, the instrument must be dried immediately and stored in a dry instrument case.

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The LCD will respond slowly in low temperatures.

To prevent battery leakage, please remove the battery pack if the instrument will be stored for an extended length of time.

Before placing the instrument into the instrument case, align the dot marks on th instrument and lightly tighten the clamp knobs. Place the instrument in the case with dots facing upwards. Loosen clamps after the instrument is in the case and insure instrument is properly seated. Slightly tighten clamps after instrument is fully seated.



USAGE AND APPLICATIONS OF THE INSTRUMENT

This electronic theodolite utilizes the photoelectric incremental angle measuring system. The precision of angle measurement is 2". It integrates optical, mechanical, electronic and computer technologies for a variety of functions including angle measurement, display and storage. It displays horizontal and vertical angles and makes conversions from vertical angle to percent. The vertical angle measurement is also compensated.

The theodolite can be used in a variety of applications including measurement in railway, highway, bridge, water projects, etc. It can be also used in various construction applications including orientation of large equipment, topographic survey, and various kinds of construction measurements.

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## PREPARATION BEFORE MEASUREMENT

Power Options

The theodolite has two power options: Disposable and rechargeable batteries. The rechargeable batteries are supplied in a sealed pack. The disposable batteries are inside a similar shaped pack with a sliding door.

To remove the pack, turn the knob until the mark "♥" points to [UNLOCK], then remove the battery pack.

To insert battery pack, place the raised bottom part of the battery case into the slot in the theodolite

Push the top of the battery case in place. Turn the knob until the mark "♥" points to [LOCK].

To Install Alkaline Batteries into the Disposable Battery Pack, open the battery pack cover, insert four AA alkaline batteries into the battery case according to the (+) and (-).



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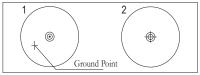
Centering and Leveling with Optical Plummet

• Extend the tripod legs to a suitable working height with equal length legs. Spread the tripod legs and make the tripod head as level as possible while at the same time placing the center of the tripod head directly over the ground point. Press the leg feet firmly into the ground and make sure the tripod legs are locked.

• Set the instrument carefully on the center of the tripod head orientating the leveling screws centered with each tripod leg. Attach the instrument to the tripod. Make sure the center mark is visible on all three leveling screws (this ensures a complete leveling range).



• Adjust the Optical Plummet Eyepiece to focus the crosshairs. Adjust the Optical Plummet telescope focus to see the ground clearly. If you can not see the ground point while looking through the optical plummet, carefully lift two of the tripods legs, then pivot on the third leg, carefully moving the tripod until the ground point is within one inch of the reticule. Press the two tripod feet back into the ground and recheck the optical plummet alignment. Repeat if necessary until the ground point can be seen in the optical blummet field. Complete the alignment by turning the leveling screws (you will not be level but you are pointed correctly)



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Handle Screw Objective Lens LCD Display I Horizontal Clamp / Fine Motion Screw Optical Plummet Leveling Screv . .. ibrac ocking Lever

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### EYEPIECE AND TELESCOPE FOCUSING

#### Adjustment of Evepiece

www.spectraprecision.con

Direct the telescope to a bright background. Turn the eyepiece ring so that the crosshairs of the reticule are clearly seen.

Elimination of Optical Parallax

Adjust the focusing ring to clearly see an object on the reticule. Move your eyes up and down to see if the image of the object moves relative to the graduation lines. If it does not move, there is no optical parallax; otherwise turn the focusing ring to eliminate the optical parallax.

#### Parameter Settings

Please enter all desired initial settings prior to the first measurement.

Items in bold indicate factory settings.

Initial Setting	Selection
1. Unit of Angle	<b>360°</b> / 400G / 6400 Unit A / Unit B / Unit C
2. Zenith Angle	<b>ZEN = = 0</b> / ZEN = = 90
3. Auto Power Off Time	30 OFF / NO OFF
4. Min. Display	dsp1 / dsp5
5. Tilt Sensor Switch	TILT ON / TILT OFF
6. Indication of Horizontal Angle Position	No Beep / 90° Beep

Focusing Battery Case Rina Eyepiece elescope Clamp Fine Motion Screv LCD Display II Tubular Via Circular Vial

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Changing Parameter Settings

Press and hold [HOLD] button + [0SET] button and press [ON/OFF] button. Release [ON/OFF) button when the full character display appears and release [HOLD] + [0SET] buttons when four beeps are heard. The instrument enters into its initial setup mode and the LCD displays

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• Press [▶] button or [◀] button to change screens for selecting options.

• Press [] button for selecting specific content in the options.

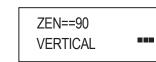
• Finally, press [V / %] button to confirm and enter into angle measuring mode.

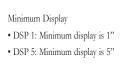
Unit of Angle • UNIT A: 360° (Degree) • UNIT B: 400 (GON) • UNIT C: 6400 (Mil)

Zero Position of Vertical Angle • ZEN == 0 : Zenith is  $0^{\circ}$ • ZEN == 90 : Zenith is 90°

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• NO OFF: Auto power off disabled

• 30 OFF: Turns power off if inactive

Vertical angle

and slope

convert

V%

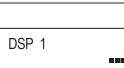
for 30 min

Auto Power Off Time

Setting of Tilt Sensor • V TILT ON: Turn on the tilt sensor • V TILT OFF: Turn off the tilt sensor

Indication of Horizontal Angle • NO BEEP: Horizontal angle indication disabled • 90 BEEP: Sounds beep when the instrument is close to 0°, 90°, 180° and 270°. NO OFF AUTO OFF

Function button for input while in Instrument Setup.



TILT ON

NO BEEP 

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ypcpap

Turns the Function button for entering into instrument setup. ON/OFF Function button for entering into index error setting Function button for entering into comp ON/OFF J. Button for lighting of reticule and LCD Reset of . Menu selection button in Instrument Setup. 0SET Function button for entering into Compensator setting
Function button for input while in Instrument Setup. ntal ang (zeroing) Menu selection button in Instrument Setup. Horizontal HOLD angle Hold Function button for entering while in Instrument Setup Button Function button for entering into index error setting. Increment o . Menu selection button in Instrument Setup. R/I eft rotation and Function button for input while in Instrum ight rotation orizontal angl



#### SPECIFICATION

	NS Image	Erect
	Magnification	30x
T-1	Aperture	45 mm (1.7 in)
	Angle of view	1° 30'
Telescope	Shortest distance	1.35 m (4.43 ft)
	Stadia constant	100
	Resolution	~
	Angle measurement	Incremental
Angle	Min. Reading	1" or 5"
Measuring	Detection method	H. Both sides, V. Single side
0	Precision	2"
System	Unit of angle	Deg / mil / gon / V %
	Display	LCD both sides
Tilt	Automatic Compensation	Yes
Sensor	Range of compensation	+/-3'
	Image	Erect
Ortical	Magnification	3X
Optical	Angle of view	5°
Plummet	Focusing range	$0.5 \text{ m} \sim \infty (1.6 \text{ ft} \sim \infty)$
	Reticle type	Crosshair
	Tubular vial	30"/2 mm
Vials	Circular vial	8'/2 mm
Range	Temperature	-20°C to +50°C (-4°F to +122°F)
	Battery type	4xAA alkaline or NiMH Pack
Power	Voltage	4.8
	Battery Life	36 hours - alkaline
Dust /		
Water	IP54	
Protection	4.5 ha (0.0 lha)	
Weight	4.5 kg (9.9 lbs)	
Size	164x154x340 mm (6.4x6.1x13.4)	
Warranty	2 Years	

Recharging the battery

Connect the charger to the AC power source. The green light on the charger will light.

Connect the plug of the charger to the charging port of the battery pack. The green light of the charger will turn red indicating the charging process has started. After 3-4 hours the red light turns green indicating that the batteries are charged.

Caution: Do not charge Alkaline Batteries, severe damage can happen to the battery pack or charger.

Attention: Turn off the instrument's power before removing the battery pack.





Centering and Leveling with Optical Plummet

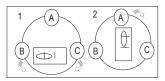
• Now center the instruments Circular Vial by carefully extending or shortening the tripod leg closest to the bubble. Caution: Use only two legs. Repeat until alignment is within 6

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#### (1/4 inch) or better.

• Next use the Tubular Vial to accurately level the instrument. Unlock and turn the instrument so that the tubular vial is parallel to BC, any two leveling screws. Note the direction to turn the leveling screws in the graphic. When turning the two screws, adjust them equally. The bubble will move in the direction that your left thumb turns. To move the bubble to the right, turn the B leveling screw in and simultaneously turn the C leveling screw in. To move the bubble left, move both screws out simultaneously. Once centered turn the instrument 90° over A leveling screw and turn screw A in or out until bubble is centered. Go back to the first position BC, and repeat until the bubble is centered in both positions. Then from position BC turn 180° to check the adjustment. If the bubble stays centered or within 1/4 division, you are leveled.

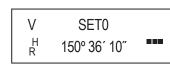
· Now, check the ground point centering. If you are not directly on the point, carefully loosen the tripod fastener and move the instrument on the tripod head in an x - y lirection. Do not rotate the instrument. Recheck leveling and repeat until instruments is level and over the ground point at the same time. With practice, this becomes easier.



#### OPERATION

#### Start Up

• Press and hold [ON/OFF] button. Release [ON/OFF] button when the full character display appears. The LCD displays:



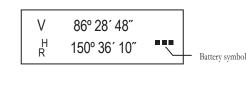
. Move the telescope up and down when the instrument is at the normal position. The beeper beeps and the LCD displays the vertical angle. The instrument enters into measuring mode.

• After the power is switched on and the instrument has entered into measuring mode, the battery level is indicated by the battery symbol in the lower right corner of LCD.

• If all of the three squares are displayed, the battery is fully charged.

· Decreasing squares indicates reduction of charge.

• If the battery symbol blinks, the battery is low and needs recharging or replacing.



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Installation and Removal of the Bas

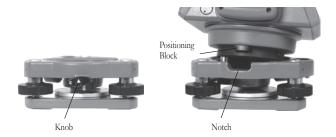
Base Removal

• Turn the screw on the Tribrach Locking Lever outward using a flat screw driver to its stop. • Turn Tribrach Locking Lever 180° counterclockwise. Holding the base with one hand, take the main body off the base.

Base Installation

• Turn the Tribrach Locking Knob counterclockwise until it reaches the position limit. Align the positioning block on the main body of the instrument to the notch on the base. Install the main body onto the base

• Turn the Tribrach Locking Lever clockwise until it reaches the position limit so that the 'v' mark points downward. Turn the locking screw inward until it hits its stop.



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#### Collimation Error

• Attach the instrument on a tripod and precisely level.

• Aim at point A in the distance with the normal, direct position of telescope. Record the reading of the horizontal angle - HR-DIRECT. Next using the reverse position of the telescope, take the reading of the horizontal angle - HR-REVERSE, then:

Collimation Error C = (HR-Direct — HR-Reverse  $\pm 180^{\circ}$ )/2

If C <10", no adjustment is required. If C >10", the following adjustment is required: Adjust the horizontal fine motion in the reverse position of the telescope so that the

reverse reading HR-Rev = HR-Rev + C. Remove the protective cover of the reticule of the telescope and adjust both the left and right adjusting screws so that the vertical hair of the reticule coincides with object A.

Repeat the steps until acceptable condition is reached.

Index Error of Vertical Circle

• Attach the instrument on a tripod and precisely level.

• Aim at any object, point P, in the normal position and take the reading of vertical angle -V-Direct

• Turn the telescope to the reverse position and aim it at point P again. Take the reading of other vertical angle - V-Rev.

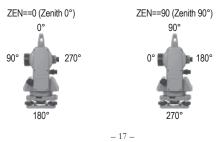
• If (V-Direct + V-Rev) - 360°=  $\leq$ 15", no adjustment is required. Otherwise, perform adjustment as follows:

Measurement of Angle

Observing in the "Normal" and "Reverse" Positions of the Telescope

The normal, or direct, position of the telescope refers to observation with the vertical circle being on the left. The reverse position refers to observation with the vertical circle being on the right. The mechanical errors can be offset by averaging the values measured in the normal and reverse positions.





# Tubular vial

• Attach the instrument to a tripod and rough level. Position the tubular vial parallel to a line connecting any two of the three leveling screws on the base. Adjust the two leveling



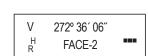
adjustments as follows:

• Rotate the instrument 180 degrees and check if the bubble remains centered. If the bubble is centered, the adjustment is complete. If not, repeat the steps until the bubble is centered when the instrument is at any position.

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Press and hold [R/L] + [HOLD] buttons SET0 while pressing [ON/OFF] button. V Release [ON/OFF] button when full FACE-1 character display appears and then release [R/L] + [HOLD] buttons when 96° 28' 48" Swing the telescope near horizontal with FACE-1 the instrument in the normal position.



_			
	V	90° 00′ 10″	
	H	150° 36′ 10″	

Compensation of the Tilt Sensor to Vertical Angle.

• If the instrument is inclined within  $\pm 3$ ', the tilt sensor can compensate the vertical angle. If the inclination is greater than  $\pm 3^{\circ}$ , the instrument will display [TILT] as shown in the figure.



Circle vial

Optical Plummet

centered in the reticule

adjust as follows.

• Turn the instrument 180°.

• Press [V/%] button, the vertical angle display is changed to slope display; press [V/%] button, the vertical angle display is resumed.

Note: When vertical angle is converted to slope, the precision of the slope reading is two digits after the decimal. The value of slope is displayed only within  $\pm 45^{\circ}$ (100%). There will be no slope display exceeding this range.

	Ŕ	108°36-38	
	V	69º 11´ 00″	
	H R	108° 36′ 38″	
		Û	
	V	38.88%	
)	H R	108° 36′ 38″	
S		Û	
	V	69º 11´ 00″	
	H R	108° 36′ 38″	

90° 00' 10"

108° 36′ 38″

Ŷ

TILT

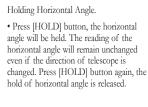
1000 261 201

V

V

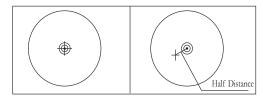
н

Measurement of Horizontal Angle
• Reset of Horizontal Angle
Press [0SET] button, the horizontal angle returns to zero
Selecting the Direction of Measurement of Horizontal Angle.
• Press [R/L] button to change the direction of measurement of the horizontal angle.
When "HR' is displayed, the angle increases with clockwise turning.
When "HL" is displayed, the angle increases with counterclockwise turning.



• Unscrew the optical plummet protective cover ring • Using the adjustment screws for the reticule, reduce the off-center distance by half. Note: use the needle (as shown below). · Repeat the above steps until the target coincides with the center.

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ACCESSORIES l plumb bob 1 tool kit (containing a screw driver and 2 needles) 2 bags of desiccant l rain cover 1 user guide charger 1 battery pack alkaline 1 battery pack rechargeable

· Attach the theodolite to a tripod (no leveling is required)

· Focus the image of the target then adjust the leveling screws so that the target is

• If the target remains at the center of the reticule, no adjustment is required. Otherwise,

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· Place a target under the instrument.

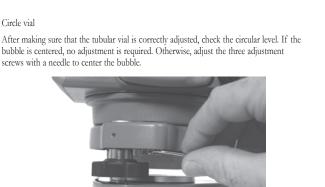
#### ERROR CODES

Display	Meaning and remedy	
E01	Count error, if displayed repeatedly, repair is needed	
TOO FAST	The telescope or collimation unit rotated too fast, press any key except [on/off] and [32], the instrument returns to normal state	
E04	Horizontal sensor I error, repair is needed.	
E05	Horizontal sensor II error, repair is needed.	
E06	Vertical sensor error, repair is needed.	
TILT	The tilt sensor is out of range. Level the instrument again. If this does not clear the error code, repair is needed. Note: For a temporary solution, the tilt sensor can be turned off.	

Warranty

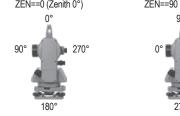
Spectra Precision LLC warrants the DET-2 to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of 2 years. Spectra Precision LLC or its authorized service center will repair or replace, at its option, any defective part, or the entire product, for which notice has been given during the warranty period. If required, travel and per diem expenses to and from the place where repairs are made will be charged to the customer at the prevailing rates. Customers should send the product to the nearest authorized service center for warranty repairs or exchange, freight prepaid. Any evidence of negligent, abnormal use, accident, or any attempt to repair the product by other than factory-authorized personnel using Spectra Precision LLC certified or recommended parts, automatically voids the warranty. Special precautions have been taken to ensure the calibration of the laser; however, calibration is not covered by this warranty. Maintenance of the calibration is the responsibility of the user. The foregoing states the entire liability of Spectra Precision LLC regarding the purchase and use of its equipment. Spectra Precision LLC will not be held responsible for any consequential loss or damage of any kind. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, except as set forth above, including any implied warranty merchantability of fitness for a particular purpose, are hereby disclaimed. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied.

Due to our policy of continuous improvement, we reserve the right to alter product design and specification without prior notification.



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INSPECTION

four beeps are heard.

[0SET] to confirm.

error is completed.

Allow the vertical angle to reset after it

crosses zero. Aim the telescope in the

normal position at object P and press

Aim the telescope in the reverse position

at object P and press [0SET] to confirm.

With this, the compensation of index

screws so that the tubular bubble is centered

• Turn the instrument 180° and check if the bubble remains at the center.

• If the bubble remains at the center, no adjustment is required. Otherwise, perform

· Using the bubble adjustment screws, move the bubble towards the tube center for half of the error

• Turn the leveling screw to correct the other half of the error so that the bubble is centered.

V	90° 00′ 10″	
H R	150° 36′ 10″	
	Û	
V	90° 00′ 10″	
H R	00° 00′ 00″	
V	90° 00′ 10″	
H R	150° 36′ 10″	
	Û	
V	90° 00′ 10″	
H L	209° 23′ 50″	
V	90° 00′ 10″	
H R	150° 36′ 10″	
	Û	
V	90° 00′ 10″	
H R	150° 36′ 10″	•••



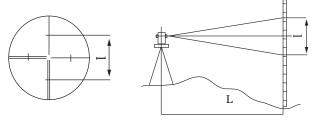
#### Turning Off.

Press - [ON/OFF] button and hold, "OFF" will be displayed, after a beep; release [ON/OFF] button, the instrument is turned OFF

V	OFF	
H R	150° 36′ 10″	

Measuring Distance Using the Stadia Method

Read the leveling rod using the stadia hair on the reticule of the telescope. Multiply the reading by 100, to obtain the actual distance L from the target to the measured point. (100 is the multiplication constant error of the instrument, i.e.,  $L = l \ge 100$ 



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Perpendicularity of Vertical Crosshair of Reticule of Telescope

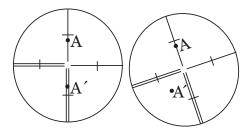
• Attach the instrument on a tripod and precisely level

• Place a target point, A, 50M away from instrument.

• Aim the telescope at point A. Move the telescope using the vertical fine movement. If point A moves along the vertical hair of the reticule, no adjustment is required.

Perform the following adjustment if the point A strays from the vertical crosshair: • Remove the protective cover of the reticule and slightly loosen the four adjusting screws. Turn the assembly so that point A coincides with the vertical hair, retighten the four adjusting screws

Repeat the above steps until there is no error.



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